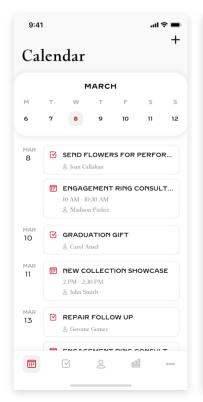
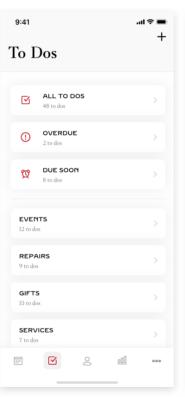
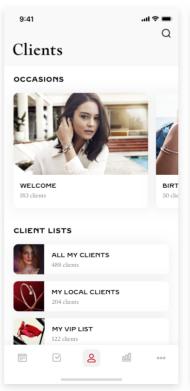
### CASE STUDY

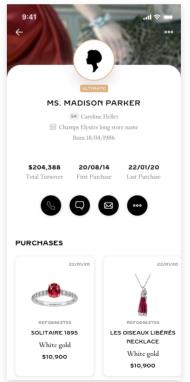
# CARTIER CLIENTELING APP











### **BACKGROUND**

### THE PROJECT

My employer, Balink, is in the niche market of creating iOS apps that integrate with Salesforce. The most common type of app that we do centers around clienteling - advanced sales strategies centered around cultivating one-on-one relationships between sales advisors and clients. These apps allow sales advisors to access data on their clients while working on the sales floor, manage their agendas, track their performance KPIs, and more. We needed to create a clienteling app tailored to the needs and branding of Cartier.

### **MY ROLE**

I was the sole UI/UX designer on the project. Because this was not Balink's first clienteling app, the general UX architecture was already established. My task was to design brand-new UI that would marry Cartier's branding with iOS best practices and trends, and to customize the UX to Cartier's particular desires and needs, accommodating new feature requests into the existing app structure. I participated in workshops with the client to propose mockups, collect feedback, and iterate.

## **PROCESS**

Balink works in agile and design sprints, as opposed to a linear design process. The project went something like this:

- I designed a POC to pitch the project with key screens in high fidelity
- The project manager and CTO defined the scope and MVP requirements with the client
- I established visual language for the app by learning about Cartier's branding, researching relevant trends, gathering shots for inspiration, trying things out directly on real screens, and ultimately compiling a design system
- We had one workshop on each main feature. In advance of each workshop, I designed the screens and sent a prototype via Invision, along with a video demo. At the workshop, I presented the design and collected feedback and clarification. After the workshop, I iterated accordingly.
- Development happened in parallel after each feature was established. I assisted developers with handoff and revised the designs based on technical requirements as they arose.
- I created a comprehensive user guide for the app.

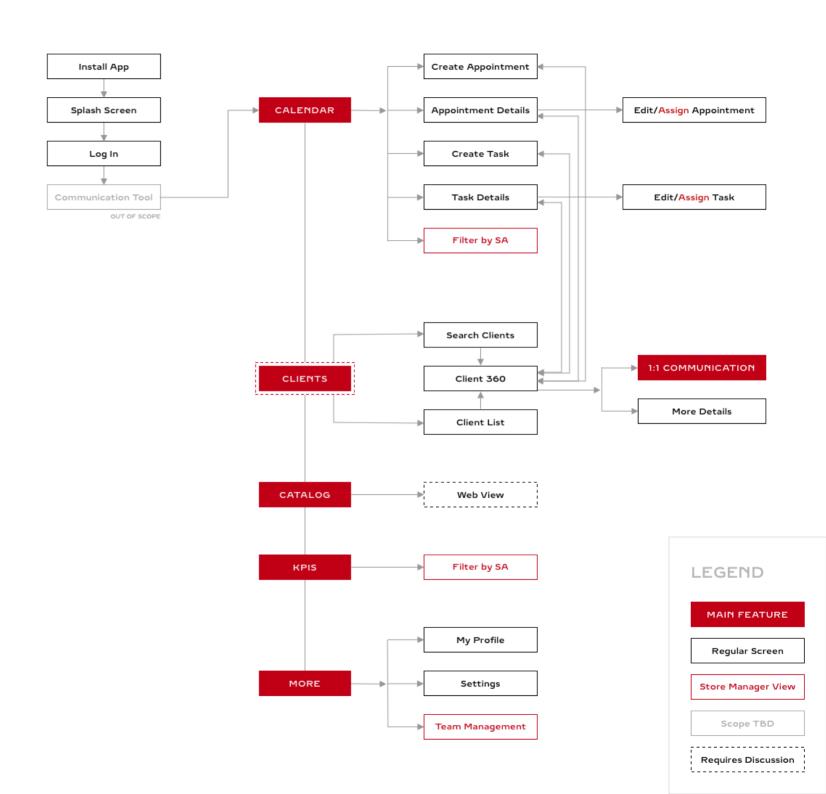
## **APP MAP**

Even though the UX was generally established for Balink's clienteling apps, every company wants a slightly different arrangement of features.

This is the app map I designed early on in the project to show

Cartier what to expect.

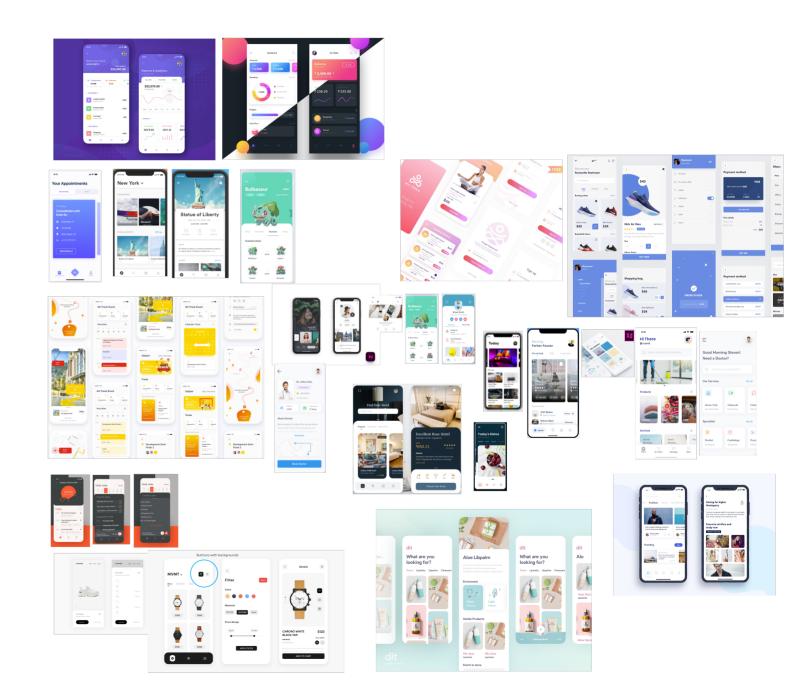
The architecture evolved as the project went on; for example, Cartier chose not to include their catalog inside the app, and instead to have a tab dedicated to task management.



# **COLLECTING INSPIRATION**

I invested a lot of time in the start of the project with researching UI directions on sites like Dribbble and Pinterest, as well as reviewing tons of iOS apps.

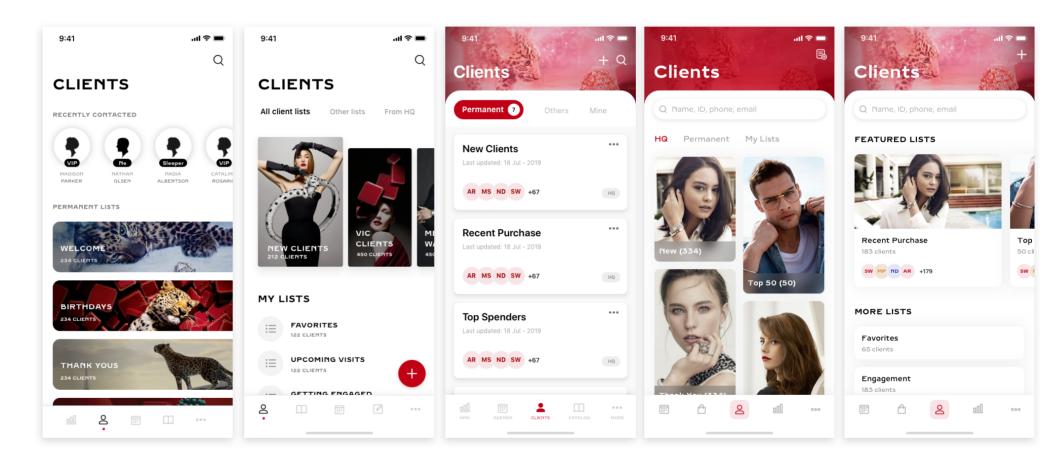
I collected examples based on some of the key types of elements I'd need to design: lists, cards, a calendar, a very detailed profile, and a dashboard, for example.



## **UI BRAINSTORM**

I tried out UI directions for the app using the Clients main tab screen as an example. I varied components like cards, search, the tab bar, tabs, and headers.

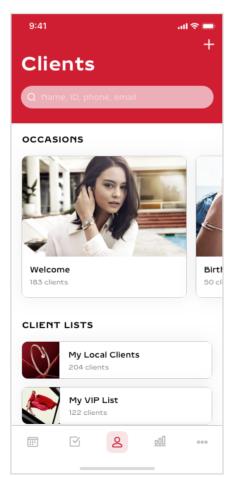
I was looking to
determine some key
component styles that
I could use
consistently through
the app to carry a
sense of unity and
make the design feel
very intentional.

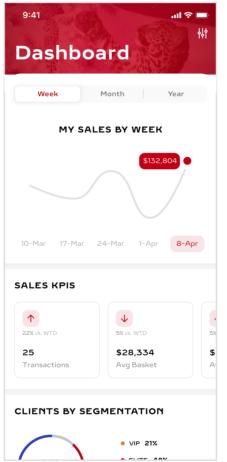


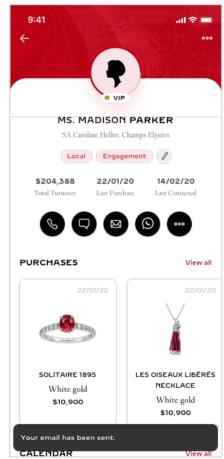
## FIRST DRAFT OF UI

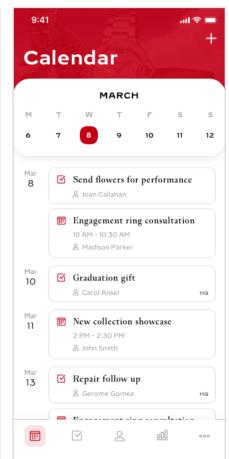
With internal feedback from my company, I zeroed in on a design direction and designed some more screens to give the client a sense of where it was going.

I had to make some adjustments due to feedback from developers on the feasibility. Certain screens couldn't support a picture in the header, for example, or rounded corners over the header, so I adapted accordingly.









## **DESIGN SYSTEM**

Cartier is updating all their branding, so they sent me their plans for their new design system. The challenge was, the design system Cartier sent me was for web. The clienteling app's UI would require many more icons, more colors, more text styles, and iOS-oriented components.

On the right is a sample of the design system I proposed to them with the aim of finding the balance between using Cartier's existing branding and expanding it to meet the needs of a data-packed iOS app.

### COLORS



#C10016

Highlight color, headers, link text, segmentation: elite



#000000







Tertiary text, inactive icons















### SHADOWS



#### TYPOGRAPHY

#### Brilliant Cut Pro / Fancy Cut Pro

### LargeTitle

Brilliant Cut Regular 14pt

Subbead

Link text

Link text

Brilliant Cut Bold 34nt

### Title 1

Modal title Brilliant Cut Bold 28nt

HEADLINE

Fancy Cut Regular 13pt

Chart labels dates

Brilliant Cut Regular 9nt

Section titles internal screen headers

Brilliant Cut Bold 15pt, .5 letter spacing

Label for cells, card titles, search Fancy Cut Regular 16pt, .5 letter

### Caption 1

Rody

Card details, calendar dates Brilliant Cut Regular 12pt Brilliant Cut Regular 11pt

Details on anots tasks notes

#### SEGMENTATION

Brilliant Cut Medium 9pt, all caps Brilliant Cut Medium 11pt

### ICONOGRAPHY



2 A A Q B

### BUTTONS AND CONTROLS



### **PLACEHOLDERS**





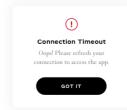




#### Find Clients

Please search clients by name. ID phone number, or email address.

### MODALS AND TOAST NOTIFICATIONS



ou have shared 2 products with Madison

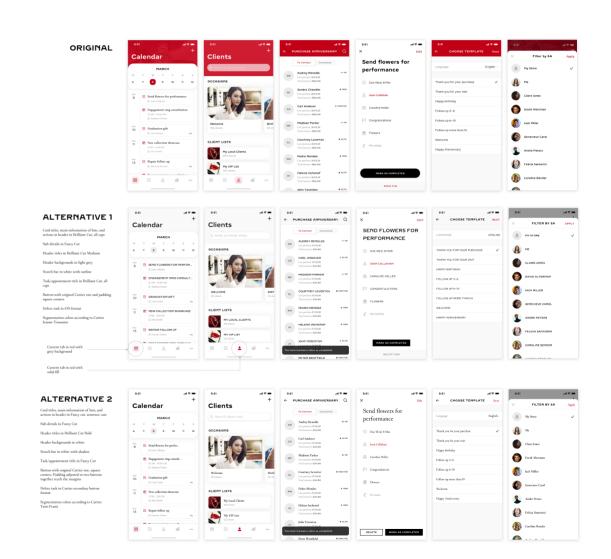
## **DESIGN SYSTEM CHANGES**

Cartier's branding team told us about several rules of their new design system which hadn't been clear based on the web-oriented samples I had access to. Implementing these rules would require significant redesign of the UI, and some challenged iOS best practices.

- Their custom sans-serif font must only be used in all-caps. This was a challenge because iOS forbids all-caps page headers, and sans-serif title case is typically what's used for content like names and body text
- Red is only to be used on text and icons, not fill colors or overlays
- No pink may be used, including as a transparent version of their red
- They actually had secondary color palettes I could use for color-coded tags needed in the app win!

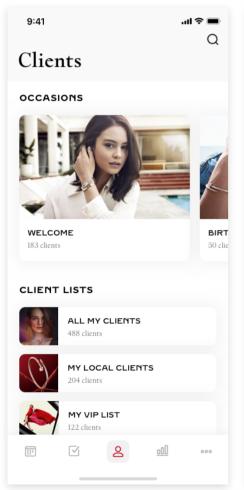
Thankfully, I had set up my Sketch file in a smart way based on symbols and styles, so implementing app-wide changes was actually quite fast to do. I created two options for them, adapting to their additional design requirements in different combinations of ways.

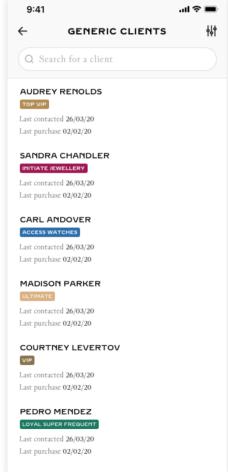
They made their selection, and we moved on.

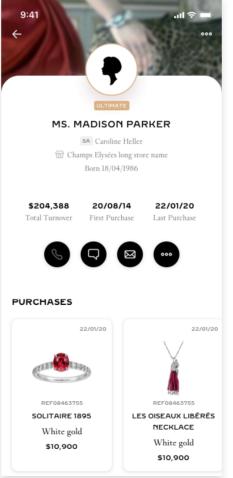


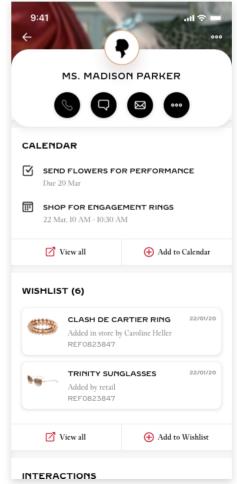
## FINAL UI SAMPLES: CLIENT LISTS AND PROFILE

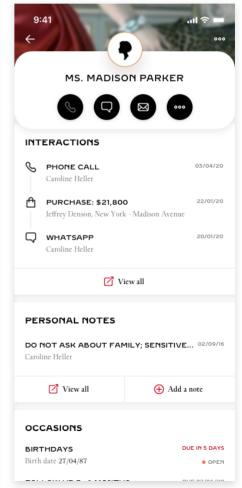
Here are some samples of how the UI looked after adapting to Cartier's new design system rules.



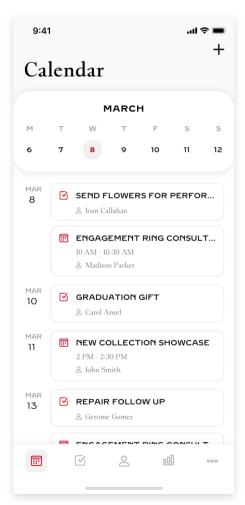


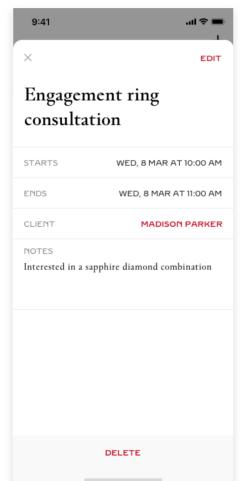


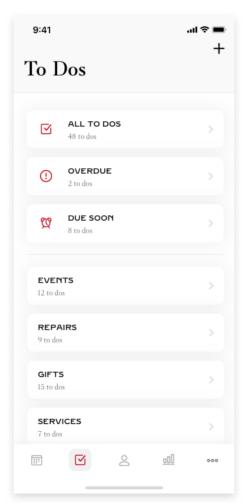


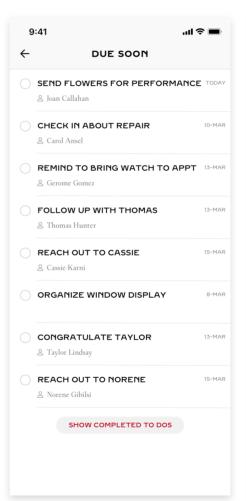


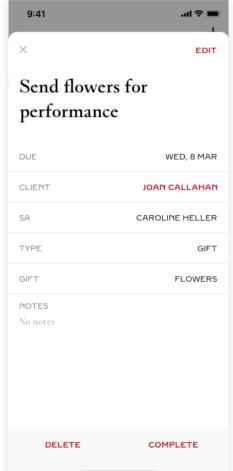
# FINAL UI SAMPLES: CALENDAR AND TASKS



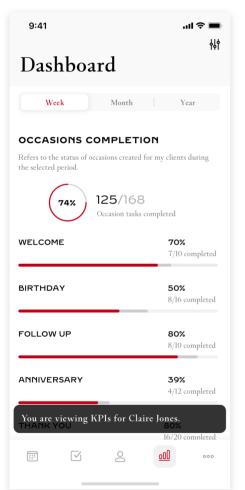


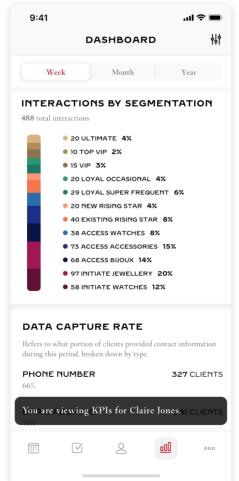


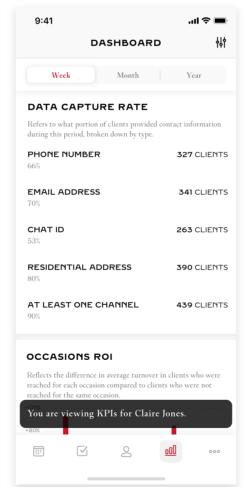


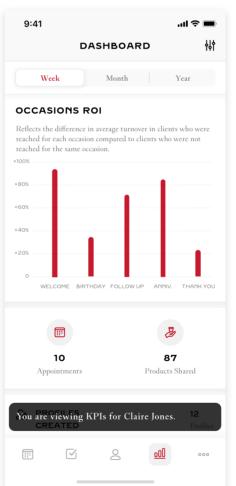


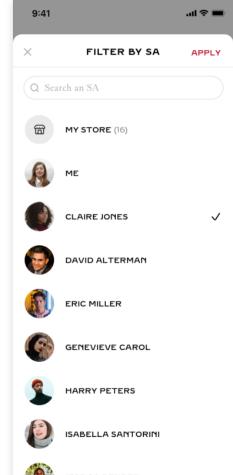
## FINAL UI SAMPLES: DASHBOARD









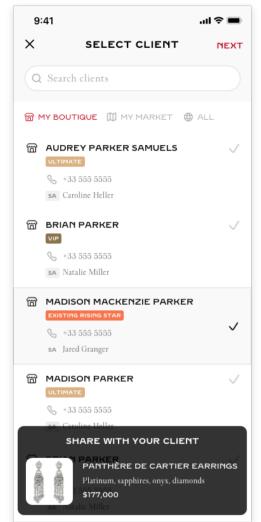


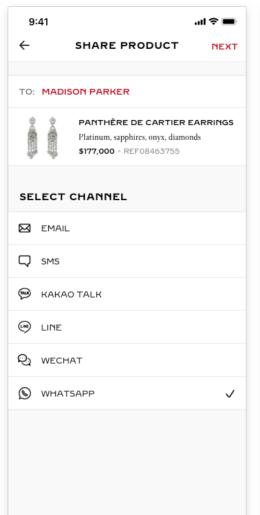
## **NEW UX FLOW: SHARING A PRODUCT**

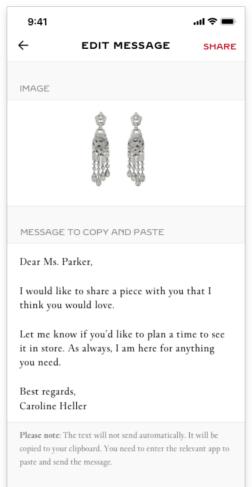
One new flow I had to design was sharing a product. **The UX solution here was complicated by technical limitations:** the catalog was housed outside the app in a website, so when you click "share product" there, it drops you into the clienteling app without context. Also, sharing behavior differs based on the limitations of each communication channel. Third, the development would rely on default iOS sharing, which could not know which communication channels (for example, email, Whatsapp, WeChat, etc) were available for this client.

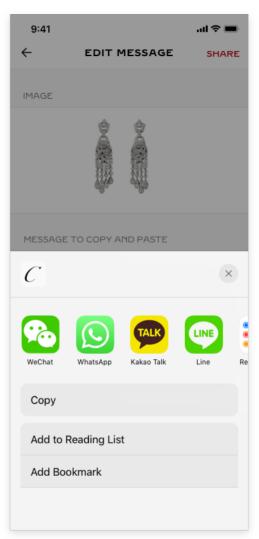
### THE CHALLENGES

- Give context to the user so it's clear they're in a continuation of a flow they began outside the app.
- Help the user avoid selecting the wrong client, easily caused by duplicate names or mixing clients up.
- Inform the user which communication channels are available for this client, and make sure they select a legitimate one from the iOS sharing module, which cannot show which apps the client has.
- Guide the user through the behavior of each channel, which differs due to each chatting app's technical limitations regarding sharing pictures and text.
- In the case of WeChat, WhatsApp, and KakaoTalk, provide a way for the user to rely on a text template even though those apps don't allow them to directly share images and text together,











Select a client with search. A modal reminds the user that they're sharing with a client and shows the selected product.

Selected client is linked so the user can check the client profile is correct. Only her available channels appear below.

Edit message screen differs by channel. Because Whatsapp only allows sharing a picture without text, the user can see a template message, edit it, and then it gets pasted to the clipboard. Help text explains that it will not send automatically but rather should be pasted.

User again selects the channel chosen before from the iOS sharing options. The fact of selecting the channel twice is not ideal, but it's worth it to show the user which channels are available and prepare the image and text according to the channel they are going to use.

In the case of WhatsApp, WeChat, and KakaoTalk, through which we cannot share both an image and text, a notification reminds the user that the message is saved to the clipboard and they must go into the relevant app to send the message to the client.

## **USER GUIDE**

Cartier required a comprehensive, step-by-step user guide in order to train their employees on using the app. I created a 50-page PDF that explains how to use each feature. Below is one example page.

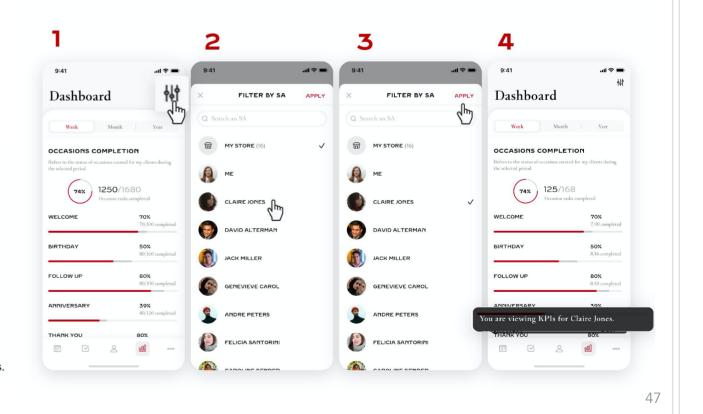
### USE CASE STORE MANAGER FEATURE

I want to view KPIs for a particular SA.

- **1.** On the dashboard, tap on the filter icon in the upperright hand corner.
- **2.** Select the SA whose KPIs you want to see. You can use the search bar to find someone quickly.
- **3.** Tap apply.
- **4.** Now, all the KPIs you see will be related to the SA you chose, as noted by the notification at the bottom of the screen.

To remove the filters, tap the filter icon again and select my store.

**NOTE:** By default, a store manager will view KPIs that are based on all the SAs in his store. You can select one SA at a time to view their individual KPIs; you cannot select multiple SAs.



## **SUMMARY**

### **FEEDBACK**

Cartier's team is very satisfied with the design of the app. They feel it reflects their sales advisors' needs and their high-level brand. Once deployed, this app will increase their sales through the demonstrated effects of clienteling on brand loyalty, and they will be able to collect data they never could before in areas like contact with clients and task completion.

### **CURRENT STATUS**

We are currently in the UAT phase of testing the app for QA before it will be deployed in several pilot stores around the world.

### **FUTURE DIRECTIONS**

Certain functionality that Cartier hoped for could not be offered in the scope of the MVP due to added development time. In Phase 2, implementing these requests will add a lot of value to the user experience, such as allowing users to save email drafts, create their own communication templates, and create their own client lists. Our company unfortunately does not do usability testing, but we will get feedback from the pilot stores that could allow us to implement improvements in Phase 2.

